

SCHOOL MATTERS

Mr. von Holt Makes a Valuable Suggestion.

Report on Palama School Question—Mr. Abbott to Visit Germany.

At the regular weekly meeting of the Commissioners of Education yesterday afternoon there were present the following: President Cooper, Mrs. B. F. Dillingham, Mrs. E. W. Jordan, Professor Alexander, Mr. J. F. Scott, Mr. W. A. Bowen and Mr. H. M. von Holt.

Several recommendations by the Teachers' Committee were considered, and then it was decided to declare the position of S. Brierly, as teacher at Kaunakakai, Molokai, vacant. B. D. Mitchell was later appointed to fill the place.

The resignation of Miss Louise K. Brown from the Waiakae school was accepted.

N. G. Lemmon, of Spreckelsville, Mead, wrote asking the board to turn over to him the money spent for a transient officer at that place, and he would guarantee better service for the same money. Nothing was done by the board in regard to the matter, but there will be further communication on the subject.

Several applications for positions on the teaching force were referred to the Teachers' Committee.

A letter from Osmer Abbott, principal of Lahalauna School, was read. In this the writer asked for a year's leave of absence for the purpose of studying pedagogy in Germany. Matters had shifted around so that it would be most convenient for him to leave in June. He was not desirous of severing his connection with the school as it was his intention to return to the work on the islands for some time at least. He recommended that Mr. Rosecrans, assistant principal, be appointed to his place during his absence. Mr. Abbott was granted the leave of absence and Mr. Rosecrans was appointed to fill his place temporarily. A teacher to take Mr. Rosecrans' place will be appointed at the beginning of the next school year.

President Cooper stated that he had received a communication from J. F. Brown in regard to the school land at Waiakae. In this the conditions of the place was set forth. From 1,200 to 1,400 acres were used for grazing purposes. The remainder was rough wooded country.

Mr. von Holt took exception to the statement of Mr. J. F. Brown in regard to the using of the land as a place for small farming. He had seen specimens of this kind of work on the place before. It was his idea that the land be kept until a good trade of some kind could be negotiated. Mr. von Holt jokingly remarked that the Commissioners of Education might go down and lasso and sell the cattle for several years' rent. This was due, and it was a public duty to collect it.

President Cooper read a letter from Inspector General Townsend, dated Makawae, March 29th, in which he asked for information regarding the extent of his authority in an investigation of the South Kona muddle. A report was also made of small repairs in Waiakae and Pohoiki.

Applications from two or three teachers in the States were read. President Cooper explained that a Miss Hodge, a friend of his, was desirous of obtaining a position as teacher in one of the schools of the Islands. He hoped that she might secure a place.

A letter from a teacher at Honokaa contained the information that, as yet, no one had arrived to take the place of Mr. Estep as principal of the school at that place, although it had been understood that there would be no hitch whatever. The school was in a rather embarrassed state. The board voted to appoint Mrs. Estep as temporary principal in her husband's place, and to appoint Mr. B. Brightwell assistant.

Mr. J. F. Scott reported that he had, according to instructions from the board, investigated into the matter of a primary school in Palama. He had found that there were between 25 and 40 children over 6 years old in the place just mentioned, and that he had found the building near Palama a place just suited for school purposes, could be obtained for a rental of \$15 a month, and that this building could be fitted up for about \$57.

Considerable discussion followed in regard to the money side of the proposition, and it was finally voted, on motion of Mr. W. A. Bowen, that the Deputy Inspector's report be accepted and placed on file.

Mr. Scott explained that he thought certain of the rooms could be rented and that the money obtained therefrom might be all but sufficient to pay the rent asked for the whole building.

Mr. W. A. Bowen presented the application of Miss Sarah B. Wiler for a position as teacher. Recommendations from various places in the States, where she had been employed as a teacher, were read. These proved most satisfactory. Mr. Bowen explained that the application came through Miss Nellie Lowrey, who is acquainted with the lady. The matter was referred to the Teachers' Committee.

WERE STUBBORN.

Japanese Show Unwillingness to Return to Japan.

There came very nearly being a serious time at the quarantine station yesterday morning. Deputy Marshal Hitecock went out at 8 o'clock and ordered the transportation scow along side the station pier. After this he went over to the pens, and through an interpreter, told the 134 Japanese men and 35 women that they must prepare themselves for the return trip to Japan, according to the decision of the authorities. There was a murmur, and

soon the Japanese were in a rather turbulent state. Rushing here and there in the pens, they informed the Deputy Marshal, through three or four spokesmen, that they did not intend going back to Japan, and that they would die before going a single step. Then they thought a while and sent word that it was their desire to see Consul General Shimamura.

The Deputy Marshal returned to the city, and later on, went to the quarantine station together with Minister Cooper and a Japanese interpreter. The causes of the return were made clear to the Japanese, they were reasoned with on the uselessness and foolishness of any show of hostility and it was not long before they were quiet and peaceful again.

Then came the packing and general exodus to the scow which was waiting patiently to receive the rejected Japanese. When they got aboard the Coptic, they seemed quite pleased to think that it was not the dark and close hold of the Sakura Maru they would have to remain in. There was no further demonstration on the part of the Japanese.

HEALTH MATTERS

Regular Session of Board Yesterday.

Tuberculosis Discussed—Dr. Shaw to Act—Dairymen are Satisfied.

The regular weekly session of the Board of Health was held yesterday afternoon with the following present: President Cooper, Drs. Monsarrat, Emerson, Messrs. C. B. Reynolds, C. A. Brown, T. P. Lansing and Keliipio. Minutes of the two previous meetings read and approved.

Inspector Keliipio's report for the week ending April 4th showed \$8,700 fish received at the market. This is quite a drop in the receipts of fish for the week previous. Mr. Keliipio reported that fish were very scarce.

Mr. Keliipio also reported detection of certain Chinamen at the market in the offense of mixing pond with sea fish. The assistant inspector had been arrested on complaint of one of the Chinamen for throwing away certain salt water fish that had been mixed as above. The case had not been tried yet.

Mr. Meyers, superintendent of the leper settlement on Molokai, wrote saying that there was no need of an eye specialist at the settlement, as the trouble among the patients was not of the kind that required operation. The patients themselves had become convinced of this to a large extent. Mr. Meyers asked that no further action be taken by the board in the matter.

The application of Rev. D. Kaal, of the Molokai leper settlement, to attend the meeting of the Hawaiian Evangelical Association on Maui, was unanimously granted.

The application of an old native at the settlement, aged 85 years, and who has been at the place for 14 years, to remain there for the remainder of his life, was referred to Mr. Meyers.

The application of Kahalewai, an old nuisance, to go to the leper settlement as kokua to his wife, was promptly denied.

President Cooper stated that he had had a talk with Dr. Shaw, veterinary surgeon, and that he had expressed himself as willing to give the time necessary to the work of examining stock for tuberculosis for a certain compensation, this to pay him for the loss of time from his own practice.

President Cooper further stated that there seemed to be a general willingness on the part of owners of cows to have their animals tested for tuberculosis.

Dr. Shaw was employed by the board to do this work of examining the cows for tuberculosis, and Dr. Monsarrat was voted an addition to his present salary for his part of the work of examination.

The matter of testing cows in private families came up for consideration. It was the opinion of the board that these, as well as dairy cows, should be tested.

Dr. Monsarrat explained that he had learned from the Interior Department of 27 dairies operated in the city of Honolulu. He had not, as yet, become familiar with the location of all these places.

Circuit Court News.

The bond of J. H. Kamio, as guardian of Puhipaka Malama was filed yesterday, also the bond of S. I. Shaw, assignee of W. S. Bartlett.

Priscilla E. Hassinger, et al. have filed a petition to eject Helen B. King, et al. from a parcel land at Monomana. Stipulation has been made that the hearing in the case of A. N. Kekoikali, et al. vs. Hilo Sugar Co. be held on April 30.

The will of Kilikea was filed yesterday. Real estate valued at \$1,000.

The plaintiffs bill of costs in the case of J. K. Symthe, et al. vs. Hakule, et al. has been taxed and allowed at \$101.50.

Hattie Kekaula, et al. were adjudged to have all rights to lands covered by Royal Patent 333, except a certain portion.

Judge Perry ordered a partition of the land under controversy between Mark P. Robinson et al. and James L. P. Robinson, minors. W. A. Wall was appointed commissioner.

Robert Lindsay has filed an answer to the libel of Helen Kamahala for divorce.

The plaintiff in the case of Pipilani vs. George Houghtaling et al. filed an appeal yesterday from the decision of the Circuit Court.

An inventory of the property of W. V. Boyd, bankrupt, was filed yesterday.

AFTER CANE WHAT

Louisiana Planter Portends the Future.

United States Is Exceptionally Adapted to Growing Sugar Beets.

Now that it is claimed by sugar beet growers that it is but a question of time when the United States will be able to supply the world with sugar, the Louisiana Planter asks what is to become of the cane sugar growers. The Planter says:

In our issue of January 30 we wrote concerning sugar beets in the State of Washington, based upon bulletin No. 26 by Prof. Elton Fulmer, which was recently issued from the State Experiment Station at Pullman, and covered experiments in the culture of the sugar beets in Washington during 1895 and 1896.

An earlier bulletin gave even more favorable data concerning sugar beet culture in Washington than what we deduced from bulletin No. 26, although, as we said in that article, the gist of the whole matter was that the State of Washington was exceptionally well adapted to sugar beet production.

Now comes Professor Fulmer and calls our attention to a grievous error that we made in selecting the best sample for the basis of our comparison from the column of poorest samples. If the best of poorest samples justified our conclusions, and they did, what must we conclude from an examination of the best samples. We shall see.

EXPERIMENTS WERE MADE.

In order to determine the adaptability of the various sections of the State seed was distributed and samples were tested from ten different sections of the State. The experiments were made in a large way—in fact, we may say practically on industrial lines. An acre of beet constituted each experimental field to secure a fair average. Now for the results. As we said before, the poorest samples averaged above 12 per cent. sugar, or to be more exact, throwing out one exceptional sample that was grown under peculiar conditions, we find the nine poorest samples averaged 12.31 per cent. sugar in the beets, or to make a better comparison with sugar cane, of which the can juice ordinarily is tested, the juice of the nine poorest samples averaged 12.95 per cent. sucrose, of 80.24 per cent. purity. Now, we shall consider the best ten samples, and with increasing experience it is certainly fair to think that the farmers of Washington will be able to raise beets equal to these ten samples. The best ten samples averaged 20.31 per cent. of sugar in the juice, the poorest of the ten indicating 18.3 per cent. and the best of the ten 23.6 per cent. sucrose. No wonder Professor Fulmer protested against our faint praise. The purity of the best ten samples averaged 91.3 per cent.

All this is surely marvelous, but it indicates the inevitable. The United States will stand ready to supply the world with sugar within thirty or forty years; the sugar producing tropics will have to go back to coffee and indigo, and we in Louisiana to what? that is the question.

By the Coptic Wednesday, many of the Honolulu society people received invitations to be present at the marriage ceremony if Miss Alice Naomi Kimball, well known in Honolulu, to Mr. Alexander James Campbell, a Honolulu man, on Wednesday noon, April 21st, at Tenth Avenue Baptist Church in East Oakland.

In the Police Court, yesterday, Shimizu and Gallagher were found not guilty of violation of the immigration laws and discharged on the grounds that, although the Japanese brought here by the Shinshu Maru were in possession of contracts that made it obligatory for the Kobe Immigration Company to find them work, still they were not obliged to work unless they wanted to.

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REGISTRATION MATTERS.

Correspondent Wants to Know Need of Many Documents.

MR. EDITOR:—I note in the advertisement of the Board of Registration, that they demand the presentation, upon application for registration, of tax receipts, letters of special services, etc.

I can readily understand their right to demand a tax receipt as the law demands "that all monies due the Government must be paid" etc., and naturally the burden of proof is on the applicant, but to demand that a voter be already enrolled and applying for re-registration must show his papers is to my mind an unauthorized assumption of power.

Yours, F. W. Honolulu, April 8, 1897.

Industry for Kula, Maui.

The Marsden Company, just incorporated at Trenton, N. J., with a capital of \$50,000,000, have for their object the manufacture and sale of all products made from corn stalks, in accordance with the discoveries made and patents secured by Mark W. Marsden. These inventions are said to permit the use of the pith of corn stalks for the manufacture of wheels, basins, barrels, and other objects now made of iron, wood or paper, and also of board and other building materials, as well as for a cellulose filling between the inside skin and outer armor of war vessels.

Mrs. A. Inveen, residing at 720 Henry St., Alton, Ill., suffered with sciatic rheumatism for over eight months. She doctored for it nearly the whole of this time, using various remedies recommended by friends, and was treated by the physicians, but received no relief. She then used one and a half bottles of Chamberlain's Pain Balm, which effected a complete cure. This is published at her request, as she wants others similarly afflicted to know what cured her. For sale by all druggists and dealers; Benson, Smith & Co., wholesale agents for Hawaiian Islands.

A quart of oysters contains, on the average, about the same quantity of active nutritive substances as a quart of milk, or a pound of very lean beef, or a pound and a half of fresh codfish, or two-thirds of a pound of bread.

LOCAL BREVITIES.

Sugar, 3 3/8-8c, an advance of 1-16c.

The Japanese residents are scanning the horizon for a war vessel.

The bicycle men are getting to work already for the 11th of June races.

There are some 15 or 20 tea men on their way to China and Japan on the Coptic.

W. W. Dimond received 120 Detroit Jewel stoves by the W. H. Dimond yesterday.

The Minister of the Interior calls for tenders for the construction of a road through Kaawalli gulch, North Hilo, Hawaii.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Grinbaum, of San Francisco, came down on the Coptic yesterday for a short visit among friends here.

Minister Damon has started the dancing pavilion fund of the Valley Tennis Club with \$200. The required amount is \$500.

The Hollister Drug Company received a fresh supply of Bullet and Bull's Eye films by the Coptic. Local amateur photographers are rejoicing in consequence.

Rev. Dr. George Wells, who visited in this city about a year ago, was recently struck by a railroad train while walking along one of the tracks, in Wisconsin, and killed instantly.

In order to save time in registering the Board of Registration requests all persons to bring along their tax receipts; also, certificates, whether naturalization, denization or special service.

At their beautiful home in Nuuanu, Saturday evening, Mr. and Mrs. F. A. Schaefer gave a most enjoyable "Wilkomen" to Mr. and Mrs. H. H. Renjes. There were about thirty in all present.

W. W. Dimond, Honolulu agent for the Jewel stoves, is offering a 10 per cent freight discount on stoves sold to island customers. In addition to this, there is a 5 per cent extra discount to cash buyers.

Rev. Alex. Mackintosh, together with 20 or 40 boys from the Royal School, paid a visit aboard the U. S. S. Marion yesterday afternoon and gained a great deal of pleasure from a close inspection of the ship.

The Planter's Monthly will be issued today. Editor Whitney deals with the nomenclature of canes, Hawaii's treaties with Japan, and gives his readers an interesting article on the chemistry of Hawaiian soils, written by the chemist of Onomea plantation.

Mr. and Mrs. M. S. Grinbaum of San Francisco are the guests of Mr. and Mrs. C. Bolte. The latter will leave for a six months' trip to Germany on the Australia of May 5th, and during Mr. Bolte's absence, Mr. Grinbaum will have charge of the business of M. S. Grinbaum & Co.

Mr. and Mrs. W. F. Allen left by the Coptic yesterday to spend three months or so in the Orient. Mr. Allen has not been very well of late, and his many friends hope that he will return much improved in health. Many friends were on the Pacific Mail wharf to say good-bye to Mr. and Mrs. Allen.

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TROPIC RAIN.

(By Robert Louis Stevenson.) Sudden the thunder was drowned—quenched was the dim light, And the angel-spirit of rain laughed out loud in the night.

Loud as the maddened river raves in the cloven glen, Angel of rain! You laughed and leaped on the roofs of men.

And the sleepers sprang in their beds, and joyed and feared as you fell; You struck and my cabin quailed, the roof of it roared like a bull. You spoke, and at once the mountain shouted and shook with brooks. You ceased, and the day returned, rosy with virgin looks.

And methought that beauty and terror are only one, not two: And the world has room for love and death, and thunder and dew; And all the sinews of hell slumber in summer air; And the face of God is a rock, but the face of the rock is fair. Benevolent streams of tears flow at the finger of pain; And out of the cloud that smiles, beneficent showers of rain.

MONETARY SCHEME.

Conference Will be Held in Treasury at Once.

WASHINGTON, March 27.—The members of the executive committee appointed by the monetary conference held in Indianapolis some weeks ago had an interview with Secretary Gage today at the Treasury Department. The committee, which was headed by the chairman, H. H. Hanna of Indianapolis, discussed with the Secretary the question of the probability of Congress at once authorizing the appointment of a Monetary Commission on the revision of our monetary system, as recommended by the Indianapolis conference, and also by President McKinley in his inaugural message.

Gage expressed himself as fully convinced of the necessity for such a com-

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mission and he thought that no good could result from delaying its appointment. Business throughout the country was greatly depressed, and it was his opinion there should be no delay in taking measures for the general relief. There was, however, he said, in some quarters, serious doubt of the expediency of allowing legislation of any character whatever to interfere with the consideration and prompt passage of a tariff measure.

It is understood that the House is ready at any time to carry out the President's views as to a monetary commission and a revision of our monetary system. In the Senate, however, it is said there is likely to be opposition to speedy action. The committee expect to remain in Washington a week or so in conference with members of Congress on the subject.

Against Sky-Scrappers.

NEW YORK, March 10.—The Real Estate Exchange has adopted the report of the special committee appointed to consider and report upon the question of limiting the height of buildings hereafter to be built in this city. They recommend the appointment of a commission to revise the building laws and to map the city by districts and determine the height of buildings to be erected in each district.

The coming establishment this year by Chicago capitalists of a \$50,000 evaporation soda plant at Green River is the initiation of a Wyoming industry whose scope can scarcely be realized. The State has soda-charged waters galore.

W. W. DIMOND

In order that our island customers may have nearly the same advantages as Honolulu buyers of stoves, we are willing to offer as an inducement a 10 per cent. freight rebate on all stoves purchased by residents of the other islands. This gives you your stove for less money that it can be landed at your wharf by ordering in San Francisco. In addition to this, we offer the usual cash payment discount of 5 per cent. No other dealer does this nor do other dealers sell stoves at as low prices as we do.

Ours is the celebrated "Detroit Jewel Stove," the best in the world as a baker or fuel saver. We received by the W. H. Dimond which arrived on Thursday, 120 of these in assorted sizes—the next vessel in the line will bring 150 more. You want one of the present lot. More than 400 Honolulu families use them and pronounce them "best." So will you.

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No firm of grocers in Honolulu can sell the same quality of goods we offer and at same prices unless they buy right. We boast of our prices just as a proud mother does of her first born—they can't be beat. Nor are the goods we sell excelled in quality by any firm.

Since bringing our wares before the island public by means of printer's ink, the orders from people on the other islands have doubled in number. This means that the people are satisfied with goods and prices. We are reaching out for trade and to secure it we have goods at exceedingly low cash price. In case lots—2 dozen tins to a case—the consumer gets the benefit of wholesale prices.

Following is a partial list of goods just received from English and European markets:

Copeland's English Peas, Cod's Roes, Mackerel in Mustard Sauce, Cambridge Sausage, Teyssonn's Pate, Crosse & Blackwell's Pie Rhubarb and Jams, Boneless Sardines, Eating Chocolate, etc.

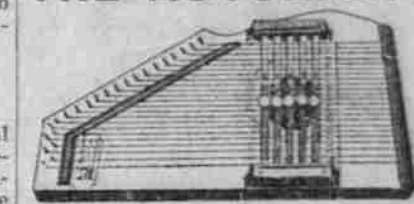
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For fine watch work is widespread; but we wish to impress the few who may not yet be in line, with the necessity of sending their watches, when out of order to us directly; and not first allow every linker to ruin the watch, after which, send it to us for proper repairs.

The Cost is always more to you, after such treatment; ever so much better to send it right down to us, for we allow nothing but perfect work to leave our workshop.

You will be surprised, too, how much cheaper it will be, and how much more satisfactory to you.

Watches are securely packed in wooden boxes, and returned in the safest possible manner.

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